

Neighborhood Legal Services of Los Angeles County

50 years of changing lives and transforming communities

Know Your Rights

Everyone Has Certain Basic Rights, No Matter Who Is President

Everyone living in the U.S. has certain basic rights under the U.S. Constitution. Undocumented immigrants have these rights, too. It is important that we all assert and protect our basic rights.

If you find you have to deal with Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) or other law enforcement officers at home, on the street, or anywhere else, remember that you have the rights described in this factsheet. The factsheet also provides suggestions for what you should do to assert your rights.

You have the right to remain silent. You may refuse to speak to immigration officers or ICE agents.

- Don't answer any questions. Do not lie or provide false information or documents. You may also say that you want to remain silent. However, if police officers ask you to identify yourself, you do have to provide your name.
- Don't say anything about where you were born or how you entered the U.S. Do not say that you are a U.S. Citizen or a Lawful Permanent Resident if it is not true.

Carry a know-your-rights card and show it if an immigration officer stops you.

• The card explains that you will remain silent and that you wish to speak with an attorney.

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

If you are stopped by immigration or the police:

- ✓ Hand this card to the officer, and remain silent.
- ✓ The card explains that you are exercising your right to refuse to answer any questions until you have talked with a lawyer.

To: Immigration or Other Officer

Right now I am choosing to exercise my legal rights.

- I will remain silent, and I refuse to answer your questions.
- If I am detained, I have the right to contact an attorney immediately.
- I refuse to sign anything without advice from an attorney.

Thank you.

Do not open your door.

- To be allowed to enter your home, ICE must have a warrant signed by a judge. Do not open your door unless an ICE agent shows you a warrant. (They almost never have one.) If an ICE agent wants to show you a warrant, they can hold it against a window or slide it under the door. To be valid, the warrant must have your correct name and address on it.
- You do not need to open the door to talk with an ICE agent. Once you open the door, it is much harder to refuse to answer questions.

You have the right to speak to a lawyer.

- You can simply say, "I need to speak to my attorney."
- You may have your lawyer with you if ICE or other law enforcement questions you.

Before you sign anything, talk to a lawyer.

•ICE may try to get you to sign away your right to see a lawyer or a judge. Be sure you understand what a document actually says before you sign it.

Always carry with you any valid immigration document you have.

- Valid immigration documents include green cards, work permits, or approval notices of applications.
- If you have these a green card or work permit, be sure to have it with you in case you need to show it for identification purposes. You can also carry copies of these documents. We encourage you to make multiple copies of these identifying documents in the event that they become lost.
- If you have submitted an application but you do not have a decision yet, you can carry USCIS receipt notices showing that your application is currently pending.
- •Do not carry papers from another country with you, such as a foreign passport. Such papers could be used against you in the deportation process.
- •Do not carry false or fraudulent documents or identification.

If you are worried ICE will arrest you, let the officer know if you have children.

• If you are the parent or primary caregiver of a U.S. citizen or permanent resident who is under age 18, ICE may "exercise discretion" and let you go.

While you do have rights, you still must follow all federal and state laws. Breaking the law, and being arrested, can affect your immigration status and could lead to deportation.

Because Donald Trump has made many anti-immigrant statements, ICE and other law enforcement officers may think they can get away with violating your rights. Sometimes ICE officers lie to people in order to get them to open their doors or sign away their rights. If ICE detains you or you are concerned that they will conduct raids in your area, this is what you can do:

Create a safety plan.

- Memorize the phone number of a friend, family member, or attorney that you can call if you are arrested.
- If you take care of children or other people, make a plan to have them taken care of if you are detained.
- •Keep important documents such as birth certificates and immigration documents in a safe place where a friend or family member can access them if necessary.
- •Make sure your loved ones know how to find you if you are detained by ICE. They can use ICE's online detainee locator to find an adult who is in immigration custody. Or they can call the local ICE office. Make sure they have your alien registration number written down, if you have one.
- You can call the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) hotline number at 240-314-1500 or 1-800-898-7180 (toll-free) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to get information on your case's status.

Report and document raids and arrests.

- If it is possible and safe for you to do so, take photos and videos of the raid or arrest. Also take notes on what happened.
- •Call United We Dream's hotline to report a raid: 1-844-363-1423.
- •Send text messages to 877877.

Find legal help.

- Neighborhood Legal Services of Los Angeles County (NLSLA) offers immigration representation in some situations. You may call us at 1-800-433-6251.
- Other nonprofit organizations that provide low-cost help can be found at immigrationlawhelp.org.
- The immigration courts have a list of lawyers and organizations that provide free legal services: justice.gov/eoir/list-pro-bono-legal-service-providers-map.
- At https://www.adminrelief.org there is a search engine into which you type a zip code and then are given a list of all the legal services near you.
- You can search for an immigration lawyer using the American Immigration Lawyers Association's online directory, ailalawyer.com.
- The National Immigration Project of the National Lawyers Guild also has an online find-a-lawyer tool: https://www.nationalimmigrationproject.org/find.html.

The information provided herein was compiled by the National Immigration Law Center (NILC). NLSLA has made certain modifications to the information. The NILC document may be found at https://www.nilc.org/get-involved/community-education-resources/know-your-rights/